**GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATION MATCHING**

Before we can look at the impacts of major world governments, we need to understand what it is that they do. Below you have five columns of information: Who, What, Where, Why, and How. Your job is to match what information goes into what section of the attached chart. Make sure to read through all facts before picking what you feel is the correct answer. There are clues in each one to help guide you in the right direction. An example is on the back for OPEC.

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| WHO | WHAT | WHERE | WHY | HOW |
| * Every country on Earth is a member
* Argentina, Australia, Belgium, Chile, France, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, Russia, USA, UK
* All of Africa are members
* 28 countries throughout Europe
* Canada, United States, Mexico
* Laos, Brunei, Myanmar, Cambodia, Vietnam, Philippines, Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia
 | * Treaty signed by Canada, USA, and Mexico to promote free trade between the three countries with no taxes on goods
* A continental union consisting of all 55 countries in Africa that works on addressing current issues from economics to living standards
* A political and economic union of 28 countries in Europe that focuses on freedom, movement, trade, and money
* An intergovernmental organization that works to promote international connectedness and maintain order
* An agreement between 12 countries that decided Antarctica should be open to scientific exploration and closed to resource management
* Government organization consisting of 10 Southeast Asian countries that promotes economic and political unity
 | * All throughout Africa
* Only in Southeast Asia
* Everywhere on Earth
* Mostly North America
* Antarctica
* Mostly Western Europe
 | * Accelerate economic growth, collaboration, and mutual assistance for 10 member nations
* As the most unstable region on planet Earth, this continent needs its organization to help improve its member nations
* The area is a precious cold ecosystem and most countries agree it should be maintained
* By allowing free trade between countries, the agreement would boost the country’s economies
* After World War II, all nations of the world came together to ensure unity, peace, and prosperity
* To help strengthen the economy, governments, and society of Europe
 | * No taxes on goods traded between countries. Help to create jobs in certain states like Mexico
* Members can travel freely between countries. There is free education for all citizens. They all use the same currency: euro
* It promotes free trade, free travel in Asia, improving education and strengthening government relations
* No country can occupy this area, build military bases, or claim this area. Only used for science
* Works to build Africa’s economy and improve relations between countries
* Acts as World Bank, hosts international courts, and promotes social programs worldwide
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EXAMPLE

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| OPEC | Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries |
| WHO | Gabon, Angola, Ecuador, Kuwait, U.A.E,Algeria, Libya, Nigeria, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Venezuela, Indonesia |
| WHAT | A union of oil producing countries that regulate the amount of oil each country is able to produce |
| WHERE | In the major oil producing countries in the Middle East, South America, Africa, and Asia |
| WHY | In order to keep the price of oil stable by regulating the supply.This makes sure one country does not sell more oil than another, Throwing off the balance of those country’s economies |
| HOW | By meeting regularly to set the price of oil per barrel. They also set quotas of how much oil a country can make in a year |

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| Organization | Who | What | Where | Why | How |
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